

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: OPOTOW® TRIAL CEMENT

Product Code: 052120-000

Intended Use of the Product

A non-hardening temporary cement designed for trial cementation of bridgework, splints, and porcelain-fused-to-metal crowns and bridges. For professional dental use only.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Water Pik, Inc.

1730 East Prospect Road

Fort Collins, CO 80553-0001

800/525-2020 (8 am- 4pm MST)

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 800/424-9300 (24 Hr: CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Eye Irrit. 2A H319

Skin Sens. 1 H317

Carc. 2 H351

Repr. 1B H360

Aquatic Acute 1 H400

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye protection.

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

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P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391 - Collect spillage.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Other Hazards Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) 99.5 % of Part A consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Part A

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Proprietary Silicone Mixture	(CAS No) Unavailable	60 - 100	Not classified
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	(CAS No) 112945-52-5	1 - 5	Not classified

Part B

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Eugenol	(CAS No) 97-53-0	15 - 40	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	(CAS No) 117-81-7	10 - 30	Eye Irrit. 2B, H320 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 1B, H360 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, tin(2+) salt (2:1)	(CAS No) 301-10-0	10 - 30	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	(CAS No) 112945-52-5	10 - 30	Not classified
10-Undecenoic acid, zinc salt	(CAS No) 557-08-4	1 - 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Causes irritation. Exposure may produce an allergic reaction. There are potential chronic health effects to consider.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Sneezing, coughing, burning sensation of throat with constricting sensation of the larynx and difficulty in breathing. High concentration of vapors may induce: headache, nausea, dizziness.

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Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. Damage to central nervous system. May cause narcotic effects if absorbed through skin similar to ingestion. May cause skin sensitization and irritation. May be harmful in large amounts.

Eye Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision.

Ingestion: May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Chronic Symptoms: May damage fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Water may be ineffective. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Product is not flammable.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions are unlikely to occur under normal circumstances.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Combustion produces irritating gases and vapors. Formaldehyde. Hydrocarbons. Aldehydes. Ketones. Phthalic anhydride.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor, mist, or spray.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.

Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Container remains hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Storage Area: Store locked up.

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Specific End Use(s) A non-hardening temporary cement designed for trial cementation of bridgework, splints, and porcelain-fused-to-metal crowns and bridges. For Professional Dental Use.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	6 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	20 mppcf (80mg/m ³ /%SiO ₂)
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (117-81-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	5000 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Québec	VECD (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Personal Protective Equipment: Protective clothing. Gloves. Protective goggles.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be worn.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Liquid
Appearance	: A two part, thick orange gel
Odor	: Clove-like
Odor Threshold	: Not available
pH	: Not available
Evaporation Rate	: Not available
Melting Point	: Not available
Freezing Point	: Not available
Boiling Point	: Not available
Flash Point	: 185 °C (365 °F), open cup
Auto-ignition Temperature	: Not available
Decomposition Temperature	: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	: Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	: Not available
Vapor Pressure	: Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: Not available
Specific Gravity	: 1 - 3
Solubility	: Not available
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: Not available
Viscosity	: Not available
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge	: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions are unlikely to occur under normal circumstances.

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Part A: Hazardous polymerization can occur in contact with certain incompatible materials.
Part B: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, open flames, sources of ignition and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Part A: Metal salts. Strong acids. Strong oxidizers. Part B: Strong acids. Strong oxidizers. Strong bases. Nitrates. Ferric chloride. Potassium permanganate.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Part A: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Will decompose above 150 °C (>300° F) releasing formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation. Part B: Oxides of tin, zinc and carbon. Silicates.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Sneezing, coughing, burning sensation of throat with constricting sensation of the larynx and difficulty in breathing. High concentration of vapors may induce: headache, nausea, dizziness.

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Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. Damage to central nervous system. May cause narcotic effects if absorbed through skin similar to ingestion. May cause skin sensitization and irritation. May be harmful in large amounts.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Chronic Symptoms: May damage fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3160 mg/kg
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (117-81-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	6860 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	25 g/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 23.67 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)
Eugenol (97-53-0)	
LD50 Oral Rat	1930 mg/kg
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)	
IARC Group	3
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (117-81-7)	
IARC Group	2B
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Evidence of Carcinogenicity, Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen, Twelfth Report - Items under consideration.
Eugenol (97-53-0)	
IARC Group	3

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecology - General: Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (117-81-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	> 0.16 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 0.16 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC 50 Fish 2	> 0.200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	9.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
NOEC chronic crustacea	0.158 (Exposure time: 21d - Species: Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability

OPOTOW® TRIAL CEMENT	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

Bioaccumulative Potential

OPOTOW® TRIAL CEMENT	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (117-81-7)	
BCF Fish 1	1 - 29.7
Log Pow	5.03

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Ecology – Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport

In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport

In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

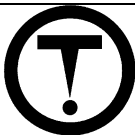
US Federal Regulations

OPOTOW® TRIAL CEMENT	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
10-Undecenoic acid, zinc salt (557-08-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, tin(2+) salt (2:1) (301-10-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (117-81-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Eugenol (97-53-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

US State Regulations

Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (117-81-7)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects.
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause (Male) reproductive harm.
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, tin(2+) salt (2:1) (301-10-0)	
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (117-81-7)	
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List	
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances	
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	

Canadian Regulations

OPOTOW® TRIAL CEMENT	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
	
10-Undecenoic acid, zinc salt (557-08-4)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

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Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, tin(2+) salt (2:1) (301-10-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (117-81-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Eugenol (97-53-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Silicone	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 12/01/2014
Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Eye Irrit. 2B	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity Category 1B
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization Category 1
Comb. Dust	May form combustible dust concentrations in air
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H320	Causes eye irritation
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

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Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

Water Pik, Inc.

Telephone: 800-525-2020

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS 2