Material Safety Data Sheet



Date of issue 28 January 2015

Version 11.01

1. Product and company identification

Product name	: Aviation Basecoat
Code	: MBCH-3
Supplier	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)
Technical Phone Number	: (740) 363-9610 (DELAWARE, OH) 8:00 a.m 5:00 p.m. EST

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview	:	DANGER!
		FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED, ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR SWALLOWED. SANDING AND GRINDING DUSTS MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. ASPIRATION HAZARD. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. SUSPECT CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER. May form explosive peroxides. Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition. Add this product only to water. Never add water to this product.
		This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from flames, such as a pilot light, and any object that sparks, such as an electric motor. Keep away from heat. Do not smoke. Keep away from combustible material. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Potential acute health effects	5	
Inhalation	:	May be harmful if inhaled. Irritating to respiratory system. Can irritate eyes, nose, mouth and throat. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Ingestion	1	May be harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.
Skin	:	Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.
Eyes	1	Irritating to eyes.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	ms	

Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

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2. Hazards identification

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	<u>CAS number</u>	<mark>%</mark> (w/w)
heptan-2-one	110-43-0	30 - 60
litanium dioxide	13463-67-7	30 - 60
antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	8007-18-9	15 - 40
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	10 - 30
hrome antimony titanium buff rutile	68186-90-3	10 - 30
liiron trioxide	1309-37-1	10 - 30
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	10 - 30
ilicon dioxide	7631-86-9	7 - 13
D-Glucitol, 1,4:3,6-dianhydro-, bis[4-[(1- oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]benzoate], polymer with 1,		7 - 13
-phenylene bis[4-[4-[(1-oxo-2- propenyl)oxy]butoxy]benzoate]		
D-Glucitol, 1,4:3,6-dianhydro-, 2-(4-methoxybenzoate) 5-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy] penzoate], polymer with 1,4:3,6-dianhydro-D-glucitol 5-(4-methoxybenzoate) 2-[4-[228863-31-8	7 - 13
1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]benzoate] and 1,1'-(1,4-phenylene) bis[4-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propen-		
-yl)oxy]butoxy]benzoate]	65007 17 2	7 10
lass, oxide, chemicals	65997-17-3	7 - 13
-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	98-56-6	7 - 13
Iuminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	7 - 13
olvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	64742-89-8	5 - 10
olvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5	5 - 10
etones, C11	71808-49-6	5 - 10
fica-group minerals	12001-26-2	5 - 10
ilica gel, pptd., crystfree	112926-00-8	5 - 10
luminium oxide	1344-28-1	5 - 10
olychloro copper phthalocyanine	1328-53-6	5 - 10
olvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	3 - 7
cetone	67-64-1	3 - 7
Copper, [29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]-, brominated chlorinated	68512-13-0	3 - 7
9H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper	147-14-8	3 - 7
richloro-29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]copper	29719-96-8	1 - 5
utanone	78-93-3	1 - 5
laphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	1 - 5
thyl 3-ethoxypropionate	763-69-9	1 - 5
entyl propionate	624-54-4	1 - 5
,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - 5
arbon black, respirable powder	1333-86-4	1 - 5
igroine	8032-32-4	1 - 5
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	1 - 5
-methylhexan-2-one	110-12-3	1 - 5
1-[[(2-hydroxyphenyl)imino]methyl]-2-naphtholato(2-)-N,O,O']copper	15680-42-9	1-5
laphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	64742-82-1	1 - 5
-ethylhexyl acetate	103-09-3	1 - 5
sobutyl acetate	110-19-0	1 - 5
bluene	108-88-3	1 - 5
	108-88-3	1 - 5 1 - 5
thyl acetate		-
ylene bramium (III) avida	1330-20-7	1-5
hromium (III) oxide	1308-38-9	0.5 - 1.5
laphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	64741-65-7	0.5 - 1.5
-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	0.5 - 1.5
luminium hydroxide	21645-51-2	0.5 - 1.5
Copper Compound	Not available.	0.5 - 1.5
aphthalene	91-20-3	0.1 - 1
n-hexane	110-54-3	0.1 - 1
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1
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Product name Aviation Basecoat

3. Composition/information on ingredients

mesitylene	108-67-8	0.1 - 1
cumene	98-82-8	0.1 - 1
methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	0.1 - 1
There are no additional ingradiants present which within the au	rrant knowledge of the supplier	and in the

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Flammable liquid. Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition. May form explosive peroxide. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Avoid shock and friction. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	: Do not use water jet.
Special exposure hazards	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Storage

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid shock and friction. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Keep away from combustible material. Add this product only to water. Never add water to this product. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Material Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area.

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials. See NFPA 430, Code for the Storage of Liquid and Solid Oxidizers. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Do not store above the following temperature: 120F / 49C.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Name	Result	ACGIH	Ontario	Mexico	PPG
heptan-2-one	TWA STEL	50 ppm Not established	25 ppm Not established	50 ppm 100 ppm	Not established Not established
titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³ TD	10 mg/m³ (as	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Ti) 20 mg/m³ (as Ti)	Not established
antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	TWA	0.2 MG/M3 TD	0.2 mg/m³ (as Ni)	Not established	Not established
n-butyl acetate	TWA STEL	150 ppm 200 ppm	150 ppm 200 ppm	150 ppm 200 ppm	Not established
chrome antimony titanium buff rutile	TWA	0.5 MG/M3 TD	Not established	Not established	Not established
diiron trioxide	TWA	5 mg/m ³ R	5 mg/m ³ R	5 mg/m³ (as Fe)	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Te) 10 mg/m³ (as Fe)	Not established
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	TWA	Not established	50 ppm	Not established	50 ppm
silicon dioxide	TWA	Not established	Not established	10 mg/m ³ 3 mg/m ³ R	Not established
D-Glucitol, 1,4:3,6-dianhydro-, bis[4-[(1- oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]benzoate], polymer with 1,4-phenylene bis[4-[4-[(1-oxo-2- propenyl)oxy]butoxy] benzoate]	TWA	10 mg/m ³ 5 mg/m ³ R TD	Not established	Not established	Not established
D-Glucitol, 1,4:3,6-dianhydro-, 2- (4-methoxybenzoate) 5-[4-[(1-oxo- 2-propen-1-yl)oxy]benzoate], polymer with 1,4:3,6-dianhydro-D- glucitol 5-(4-methoxybenzoate) 2-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]benzoate] and 1,1'-(1,4-phenylene) bis[4-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]butoxy] benzoate]	TWA	10 MG/M3 TD 3 MG/M3 R 10 mg/m ³ 3 mg/m ³ R TD	Not established	Not established	Not established
glass, oxide, chemicals	TWA	10 MG/M3 TD 3 MG/M3 R 1 f/cc 5 mg/m ³ (Inhalable) 1 f/cc R 5 mg/m ³	1 f/cc R 5 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³	Not established	Not established
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	TWA	Not established	Not established	Not established	25 ppm
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	TWA	1 mg/m ³ R	1 mg/m ³ R	5 mg/m³ 5 mg/m³	Not established
Mica-group minerals	TWA	3 mg/m ³ R	3 mg/m ³ R	3 mg/m ³	Not established
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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Silica gel, pptd., crystfree	TWA	Not established	10 mg/m ³	10 mg/m³	Not established
aluminium oxide	TWA	3 mg/m³ R 10 mg/m³ 1 mg/m³ R	10 mg/m3 10 mg/m3 TD 10 mg/m3 R 1 mg/m ³ R	10 mg/m³	Not established
acetone	TWA STEL	500 ppm 750 ppm	500 ppm 750 ppm	1000 ppm 1260 ppm	Not established Not established
butanone	TWA STEL	200 ppm 300 ppm	200 ppm 300 ppm	200 ppm 300 ppm	Not established Not established
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	TWA STEL	Not established Not established	50 ppm Not established	Not established Not established	50 ppm 100 ppm
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA STEL	25 ppm Not established	25 ppm Not established	25 ppm 35 ppm	Not established Not established
carbon black, respirable powder	TWA STEL	3 mg/m ³ Not established	3 mg/m ³ Not established	3.5 mg/m ³ 7 mg/m ³	Not established Not established
Ligroine	TWA STEL	Not established Not established	Not established Not established	300 ppm 400 ppm	Not established Not established
Stoddard solvent	TWA STEL	100 ppm Not established	100 ppm Not established	100 ppm 200 ppm	Not established
5-methylhexan-2-one	TWA STEL	20 ppm 50 ppm	50 ppm Not established	100 ppm Not established	Not established
isobutyl acetate	TWA STEL	150 ppm Not established	150 ppm 187 ppm	150 ppm 187 ppm	Not established
toluene	TWA STEL	20 ppm Not established	20 ppm Not established	50 ppm S Not established	Not established Not established
ethyl acetate	TWA	400 ppm	400 ppm	400 ppm	Not established
xylene	TWA STEL	100 ppm 150 ppm	100 ppm 150 ppm	100 ppm 150 ppm	Not established
chromium (III) oxide	TWA	0.5 mg/m ³ (measured as Cr) 0.1 MG/M3 () TD	0.5 mg/m³ (as Cr)	0.5 mg/m³ ()	Not established
2-butoxyethyl acetate	TWA	20 ppm	20 ppm	Not established	Not established
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	1 mg/m³ 1 mg/m³ R	1 mg/m ³ R	Not established	Not established
naphthalene	TWA STEL	10 ppm S Not established	10 ppm 15 ppm	10 ppm 15 ppm	Not established Not established
n-hexane	TWA	50 ppm S	50 ppm S	50 ppm	Not established

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ethylbenzene	TWA	20 ppm	20 ppm	100 ppm	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	125 ppm	Not established
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm	25 ppm	25 ppm	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	35 ppm	Not established
cumene	TWA	50 ppm	50 ppm S	50 ppm S	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	75 ppm S	Not established
methyl methacrylate	TWA	50 ppm SS	50 ppm SS	100 ppm	Not established
	STEL	100 ppm SS	100 ppm SS	125 ppm	Not established

Key to abbreviations

	itoy to abbiotiations		
Α	 Acceptable Maximum Peak 	SR	 Respiratory sensitization
ACGIH	 American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. 	SS	 Skin sensitization
С	= Ceiling Limit	STEL	 Short term Exposure limit values
F	= Fume	TD	= Total dust
IPEL	 Internal Permissible Exposure Limit 	TLV	 Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable	TWA	 Time Weighted Average
S	 Potential skin absorption 		

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Engineering measures	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Personal protection		
Eyes		Safety glasses with side shields.
Hands		Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	:	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: nitrile rubber
Respiratory	:	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid.
Flash point	: Closed cup: -13.89°C (7°F)
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Boiling/condensation point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Melting/freezing point	: Not available.
Specific gravity	: 1.58
Density(lbs / gal)	: 13.19
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Volatility	: 47% (v/v), 36% (w/w)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
% Solid. (w/w)	: 64.17

Physical property values shown in this section are calculated averages. For specific product information, contact your PPG Sales Representative.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability	: The product may not be stable under certain conditions of storage or use.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Drying on clothing or other combustible materials may cause fire. Avoid increased storage temperature. Pressure hazard
Materials to avoid	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:,water,combustible materials, organic materials,metals,acids,alkalis,oxidizing materials,reducing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
heptan-2-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
itanium dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
chrome antimony titanium buff rutile	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	_
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		-
D. Clustel 1 42 6 disphydra bio[4 [/1	LD50 Dermai		>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Orai	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]benzoate], polymer				
vith 1,4-phenylene bis[4-[4-[(1-oxo-2-				
propenyl)oxy]butoxy]benzoate]				
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	33080 mg/m3	4 hours
	Vapor		-	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.2 g/kg	-
· · · · ·	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1.693 g/kg	-
oolychloro copper phthalocyanine	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.8 g/kg	_
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
				-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	76000 mg/m3	4 hours
	Vapor			
Copper, [29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
N29,N30,N31,N32]-, brominated				
chlorinated				
29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.1 g/kg	-
N31,N32 copper				
outanone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	11243 ppm	4 hours
	Vapor	T COL		Thous
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	_
vaprilia (pelioleuri), riyuroli ealeu rieavy				- 4 hours
thul 2 otherwarenignets	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	8500 mg/m3	
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 mL/kg	-
pentyl propionate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>14 g/kg	-
I,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	18000 mg/m3	4 hours
carbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-
ligroine	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	3400 ppm	4 hours
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
5-methylhexan-2-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	_
meanymexan-z-one	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.14 g/kg	
1 II/2 by drow mbony dimination at the di				-
1-[[(2-hydroxyphenyl)imino]methyl]	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>1000 mg/m³	4 hours
2-naphtholato(2-)-N,O,O']copper				
2-ethylhexyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13400 mg/kg	-
sobutyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17400 mg/kg	

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toluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	49 g/m3	4 hours
ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1.7 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	Vapor			
2-butoxyethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.48 g/kg	-
naphthalene	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
n-hexane	LD50 Oral	Rat	15840 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
ethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	4000 ppm	4 hours
	Vapor			
mesitylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
-	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	24000 mg/m3	4 hours
cumene	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.4 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	39000 mg/m3	4 hours
methyl methacrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	78000 mg/m3	4 hours
	Vapor		-	

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Defatting irritant

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, heart, spleen, lymphatic system, peripheral nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, bone marrow, testes.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity

: Contains material which may cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	
titanium dioxide	A4	2B	-	
diiron trioxide	A4	3	-	
silicon dioxide	-	3	-	
glass, oxide, chemicals	A4	3	-	
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	A4	-	-	
Silica gel, pptd., crystfree	-	3	-	
aluminium oxide	A4	-	-	
acetone	A4	-	-	
carbon black, respirable powder	A3	2B	-	
		Ca	anada - Mexico	Page: 10/13

toluene	A4	3	-
xylene	A4	3	-
chromium (III) oxide	A4	3	-
2-butoxyethyl acetate	A3	-	-
aluminium hydroxide	A4	-	-
naphthalene	A3	2B	Reasonably anticipated
			to be a human
			carcinogen.
ethylbenzene	A3	2B	-
cumene	-	2B	-
methyl methacrylate	A4	3	-

	IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen Not listed or regulated as a carcinogen: -
Teratogenicity	: Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data.
Developmental effects	: Contains material which may cause developmental abnormalities, based on animal data.
Fertility effects	: Contains material which may impair male fertility, based on animal data. Contains material which may impair female fertility, based on animal data.

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects

: Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large guantities.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	48 hours
	water		

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

Product name Aviation Basecoat

14. Transport information

	TDG	Mexico	IMDG
UN number	1263	1263	1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	I	II
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.	(naphthalene, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)

Additional information

TDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.
Mexico	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

15. Regulatory information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Australia inventory (AICS)	: At least one component is not listed.
Canada inventory (DSL)	: At least one component is not listed. Unlisted component(s) have been notified and volumes are being tracked.
China inventory (IECSC)	: At least one component is not listed.
Europe inventory (REACH)	: Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.
Japan inventory (ENCS)	: At least one component is not listed.
Korea inventory (KECI)	: At least one component is not listed.
New Zealand (NZIoC)	: Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	: At least one component is not listed.
<u>Canada</u>	
Ma	ass B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). Class D-2A: aterial causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other kic effects (Toxic).
<u>Mexico</u>	
Classification	
Flammability : 3 Health :	2 Reactivity : 1

Product name Aviation Basecoat

16. Other information

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Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)
Health : 2 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 1
(*) - Chronic
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effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 2Flammability : 3Instability : 1Date of previous issue: 12/21/2014.Organization that prepared: EHSthe MSDS

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.